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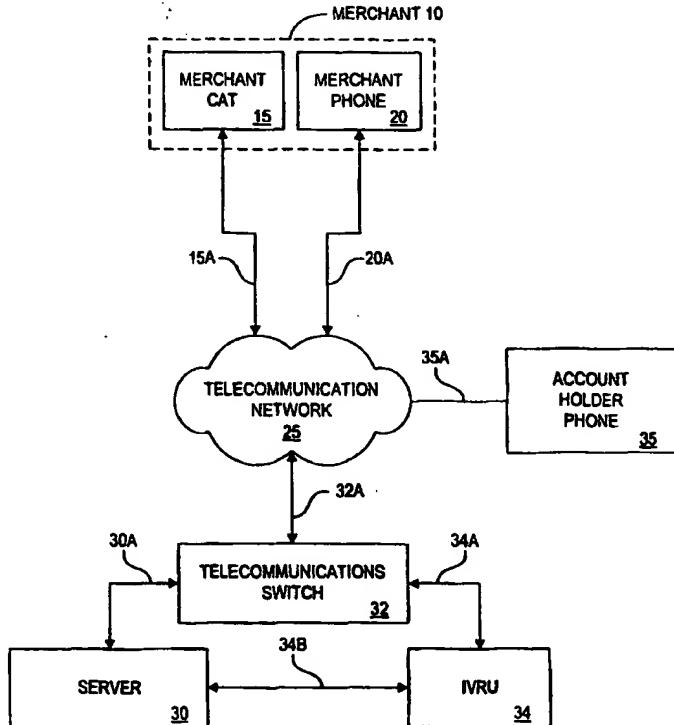
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(54) Title: METHOD AND SYSTEM FOR CONTROLLING AUTHORIZATION OF CREDIT CARD TRANSACTIONS

## (57) Abstract

A method for facilitating communication between a first person (e.g., account holder (35)) and a second person (e.g., a user) so that the first person (35) may authorize a transaction between the second person and a third party (e.g., a merchant (10)). The method comprises the steps of linking the first (35) and second persons to a financial account that is used for the transaction, receiving data identifying the financial account and the third party (10) from the third party (10), inquiring whether the first person (35) desires to communicate with the second person based on the data identifying the financial account, and enabling communication between the first (35) and second persons based on a response to the inquiry from the first person (35) and the data identifying the third party (10). In this way, the first person (35) controls the authorization or denial of a transaction executed by a user based on circumstances surrounding the transaction.



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**METHOD AND SYSTEM FOR CONTROLLING  
AUTHORIZATION OF CREDIT CARD TRANSACTIONS**

**FIELD OF THE INVENTION**

5        The present invention enables a first person who holds a credit card account to control a second person's use of a credit card that is linked to the account. More specifically, this invention relates to a method and system for enabling the first person to communicate with the second person who is using the credit card to execute a transaction with a merchant and for allowing the first person to authorize or decline the 10 transaction based on the communication.

**BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION**

15       A bank or other issuer issues credit cards having corresponding credit card accounts to individuals (hereafter, "account holders"). A credit card account typically has a credit line associated therewith, which indicates a maximum monetary amount that may be charged to the account. An account holder may use his credit card to purchase goods and/or services (collectively, "goods") from one or more merchants in an aggregate amount that may not exceed the credit line for the account.

20       It is common for an account holder to permit another person (hereafter, "user") to purchase goods using a credit card that is linked to the account holder's account. When doing so, however, it is possible that the user may abuse privileges afforded by the credit card and thus may embark on a frivolous and costly spending spree for which the account holder is ultimately responsible.

25       The potential for such abuse is readily apparent in the case in which a parent permits a child to purchase goods using a credit card that is linked to the parent's account. The parent may attempt to curtail the potential abuse by providing guidelines

to the child concerning appropriate uses of the credit card. Thus, the parent may instruct the child that the credit card is to be used only in cases of "emergency." However, for any number of reasons, such guidelines and instructions may be insufficient to prevent the abuse. For example, the parent's definition of an "emergency" may differ greatly 5 from that of the child's thus resulting in charges to the credit card that would be deemed inappropriate by the parent.

Parents and other account holders are currently limited in their ability to control and manage charges made by users using credit cards that are linked to their accounts. While certain known techniques endeavor to provide adequate control, they 10 suffer from significant problems.

For example, First Bank's "Corporate Relocation Card" service allows an employee to use a credit card that is linked to an employer's account. It is intended that the employee will use the credit card to pay for certain types of expenses -- i.e., those necessary for relocation. Due to the potential for abuse by an employee, the employer is 15 permitted to control the types of expenses that the employee may charge to the credit card.

To do this, the employer designates certain classes of merchants (by Standard Industrial Classification ("SIC") code and/or Merchant Category Code ("MCC")) from which an employee may not purchase goods. The SIC code and/or 20 MCC are associated with the credit card account in First Bank's database so that transactions for which a designated SIC code or MCC is received during the conventional transaction authorization process are declined.

United States Patent No. 4,873,422 to Dethloff entitled "Multi-User Card System" discloses a programmable card that is issued to a cardholder. The card can be 25 programmed by the cardholder for use by a sub-user. The system allows the cardholder

to set criteria by which the sub-user may use the card -- e.g., a maximum amount of money that can be charged to the card and/or a time period in which the sub-user may use the card. In this way, the cardholder is able to gain some control over the ways in which the sub-user may use the card. Although the First Bank service and the Dethloff 5 patent each provide an account holder with some ability to control a card-based transaction executed by a user, they do not permit an account holder to exercise this control remotely and based on circumstances surrounding the transaction.

United States Patent No. 5,615,110 to Wong entitled "Security System For Non-Cash Transactions" discloses a system and method in which an owner of a 10 credit card is notified when the credit card is used for a transaction. According to this patent, if a transaction is "illegal" (e.g., executed by someone other than the owner or is of a particular type), then the owner may use a telephone and contact the credit card issuer to stop the transaction. The Wong patent, however, does not enable communication between the owner and the person executing the transaction.

United States Patent No. 5,655,007 to McAllister entitled "Telephone Based Credit Protection" teaches a technique for verifying the identity of a cardholder. According to the McAllister patent, a conventional credit card authorization process is initiated by a merchant and suspended by a credit card issuer who is verifying the transaction. At the point-of-sale, a voice sample of the cardholder is taken and is 20 transmitted via telephone to the credit card issuer's system. The credit card issuer's system matches the voice sample taken from the cardholder at the point-of-sale with a pre-recorded digital voice sample that was taken at an earlier time. If the two voice samples match, then the credit card issuer may authorize the transaction, assuming that the other criteria relating to conventional transaction authorization processing are met. 25 Thus, the McAllister patent teaches a way to increase the security of transaction

executed by a cardholder, but fails to teach a way for a cardholder to remotely control transactions executed by another user of the credit card.

In view of the above, a substantial need exists for a method and system in which an account holder can communicate with a user executing a card-based transaction and remotely control the authorization or denial thereof contemporaneous with and based on circumstances surrounding the transaction.

## SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

A first aspect of the present invention is directed to a method for facilitating communication between first person (e.g., an account holder) and a second person (e.g., a user) so that the first person may authorize a transaction between the 5 second person and a third party (e.g., a merchant). The method comprises the steps of linking the first and second persons to a financial account that is used for the transaction, receiving data from the third party identifying the financial account and the third party, inquiring whether the first person desires to communicate with the second person based on the data identifying the financial account, receiving a 10 response to the inquiry, and initiating communication between the first and second persons based on the response.

A second aspect of this invention is directed to a method for facilitating communication between first and second persons so that the first person may authorize a transaction between the second person and a third party. The method 15 comprises the steps of linking the first and second persons to a financial account that is used for the transaction, receiving data identifying the financial account and the third party from the third party, accessing a database based on the data identifying the financial account to determine a telephone number of the first person, and placing a telephone call to the first person based on the telephone number thereof, and inquiring 20 whether the first person desires to communicate with the second person. If the first person responds affirmatively to the inquiry, a database is accessed based on the data identifying the third party to determine a telephone number thereof and telephonic communication is enabled between the first and second persons using the telephone number of the third party.

A third aspect of the present invention relates to a method for facilitating communication between an account holder and a user so that the account holder may authorize a card-based transaction between the user and a merchant. The method includes the steps of linking the account holder and the user to a financial account associated with the card that is used for the transaction, wherein the financial account is identified by an account number. The method further includes the steps of communicating with the third party to receive the account number and data identifying the third party, accessing a first database based on the account number to determine a telephone number of the first person, and attempting to contact the first person using the telephone number thereof. When the attempt to contact the first person is successful, an inquiry is made as to whether the first person desires to communicate with the second person. In response to an affirmative answer to the inquiry from the first person, a second database is accessed based on the data identifying the third party to determine a telephone number thereof and telephonic communication is enabled between the first and second persons using the telephone number of the third party.

A fourth aspect of this invention is directed to an apparatus for facilitating communication between a first person at a first location and a second person at a point-of-sale location so that the first person may authorize a transaction between the second person and a third party at the point-of-sale location, wherein the first and second persons are linked to a financial account used for the transaction. The apparatus includes a memory storing data identifying the financial account and the third party, a first telephone number associated with the first location, and a second telephone number associated with the point-of-sale location.

The apparatus also includes a processor in communication with the memory. The processor is adapted and configured to receive the data identifying the financial account and the third party from the third party, access the memory based on the data identifying the financial account and the third party to determine the first and second telephone numbers, transmit instructions to contact the first person based on the first telephone number, inquire whether the first person desires to communicate with the second person, and enable communication between the first and second persons based on a response to the inquiry and the second telephone number.

## BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Representative embodiments of the present invention will be described with reference to the following figures:

FIG. 1 is a schematic illustration of an apparatus for facilitating 5 communication between first and second persons so that the first person may authorize a transaction between the second person and a merchant.

FIG. 2 is a diagrammatic representation of a server of the apparatus of FIG. 1.

FIG. 3 illustrates a credit card account database of the server of the 10 apparatus of FIG. 2.

FIG. 4 illustrates a merchant database of the server of the apparatus of FIG. 2.

FIG. 5 illustrates a user database of the server of the apparatus of FIG. 2.

FIG. 6 illustrates a transaction database of the server of the apparatus of 15 FIG. 2.

FIGS. 7A and 7B illustrate a process for processing a credit card transaction and for facilitating communication between first and second persons so that the first person may authorize a transaction between the second person and a merchant.

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## DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

Reference is now made to the accompanying Figures for the purpose of describing, in detail, the preferred embodiments of the present invention. The Figures 25 and accompanying detailed description are provided as examples of the invention and are not intended to limit the scope of the claims appended hereto.

In accordance with the present invention, an account holder (or other authorized person) may permit a user to execute transactions with (i.e., purchase goods from) a merchant using a credit card that is linked to the account holder's credit card account. As used herein, a credit card is deemed to be "linked" to an account if a 5 transaction involving the credit card affects the balance of the account.

The invention allows the account holder to exercise control over the user's use of the credit card based on circumstances surrounding the transaction. This is achieved by enabling communication between the account holder and the user so that the account holder can determine the circumstances surrounding the transaction. For 10 example, in an embodiment in which a parent permits a child to use a credit card only in emergency situations, the parent can communicate (e.g., telephonically) with the child to ascertain the nature of the emergency. In this way, the account holder can choose to authorize or decline the transaction based on the communication so as to effectively exercise control over the user's use of the credit card.

15 FIG. 1 is a schematic illustration of a system for facilitating communication between an account holder and a user so that the account holder may authorize a transaction between the user and a merchant. In this embodiment, the account holder is a parent who maintains a credit card account with an issuer. The user is a child of the parent that uses an identifier that is linked to the parent's 20 account. Of course, in alternate embodiments an account holder may be any individual or organization who maintains a credit card account with an issuer and a user may be any individual or organization that uses a credit card that is linked to the account.

Merchant 10 is a business with whom a user executes a transaction -- 25 i.e., uses a credit card to purchase goods. Merchant 10 facilitates transactions at a point-

of-sale by using a card authorization terminal ("CAT") 15, such as those well known in the art, for transmitting a purchase authorization request to server 30. As is well known in the art, a purchase authorization request includes data indicating a purchase amount for the goods, an identifier that identifies a credit card that the user is presenting 5 for payment, an identifier that identifies a merchant 10, and an identifier that identifies CAT 15 from which the purchase authorization request is transmitted.

Merchant 10 also has a telephone 20 that is accessible by a user. In this embodiment, telephone 20 is located at the point-of-sale and is in close proximity to CAT 15. In this way, a user can have unfettered access to telephone 20. Of 10 course, other communications devices such as a computer may be readily substituted for CAT 15 and/or telephone 20 without departing from the spirit and scope of the present invention. For example, CAT 15 and telephone 20 may be combined in a single device such as the combination CAT/telephone disclosed in United States Patent No. 3,793,624, the disclosure of which is incorporated herein by reference.

15 CAT 15 and telephone 20 are in communication with telecommunications network 25 via lines 15A and 20A, respectively. In this embodiment, telecommunications network 25 is the well known public switched telephone network (PSTN) and lines 15A and 20A are public telephone lines. Of course, other communications networks and lines may be used as desired.

20 A telecommunications switch 32 (e.g., a PBX) is in communication with telecommunications network 25 via line 32A. Telecommunications switch 32 also is in communication with server 30 via line 30A and an interactive voice response unit ("IVRU") 34 via line 34A. IVRU 34 communicates with server 30 via line 34B. IVRU 34 provides an interface between server 30 and an account holder, 25 allowing voice prompts to the account holder and transmitting signals received from

the account holder to server 30, as will be further described below.

Telecommunications switch 32, IVRU 34, and lines 30A, 32A, 34A, and 34B are well known and therefore are not described here further. See, for example, U.S. Patent No. 4,847,890, the disclosure of which is incorporated herein by reference.

5 Server 30 includes one or more computers that are preferably located at one physical location. Alternatively, server 30 may include multiple computers that are connected via a network that spans multiple physical locations, thereby allowing the computers to communicate with each other via well known communication techniques. In this way, as is well known in the art, memory and processing may be distributed 10 among the computers that may make up server 30.

Server 30 is operated by or associated with an entity or organization (referred to as the "entity") that maintains data relating to account holders' credit card accounts. In the described embodiments, the entity is a credit card issuer. Of course, the entity may be a credit card processing company that operates a network for 15 facilitating processing of credit card transactions, such as First Data Corporation.

Telephone 35 is a telephone that is capable of generating Dual Tone Multi-Frequency ("DTMF") signals, and that is accessible by an account holder (or other designated person). Telephone 35 is in communication with telecommunications network 25 via line 35A, which in this embodiment is a public telephone line. Of 20 course, other communications devices may be readily substituted for telephone 35 as desired.

It is noted that the foregoing hardware may include well-known internal 25 connectors, architectures, interfaces, ports, and communication devices (e.g., modems) to enable processing and communication. For the purpose of simplicity and clarity, a detailed description of the same is omitted.

Referring next to FIG. 2, a diagrammatic representation of an embodiment of server 30 is shown. Server 30 typically includes memory 110, and at least one processor 120 in communication therewith. Memory 110 typically includes one or more machine readable media. Such media include, as is well known in the art, an appropriate combination of magnetic, semiconductor and optical media. Memory 110 is preferably capable of supporting searching and storing of digital multimedia data such as text and audio. Memory 110 (or portions thereof) may reside on single computer, or may be distributed in a known manner among multiple computers that may be included in server 30.

10 In the present embodiment, memory 110 includes credit card account database 200, merchant database 300, and user database 400. Transaction database 500 may also be stored in memory 110 to provide additional functionality. Memory 110 also stores program 600, which includes instructions for controlling processor 120 in accordance with the present invention, and particularly in accordance with the process 15 described herein.

The rows and columns of the databases described herein represent records and fields thereof, respectively. In the described embodiments, the databases are used in a relational arrangement, as is known in the art, so that the databases relate to one another by way of fields that store common data. It is noted that while the 20 following description refers to specific individual databases, formats, records, and fields, those skilled in the art will readily appreciate that various modifications and substitutions may be made thereto without departing from the spirit and scope of the present invention.

Referring now to FIG. 3, an embodiment of credit card account database 25 200 is depicted in detail. Database 200 stores data relating to credit card accounts that

are maintained for account holders. Each record (row) of database 200 represents such an account. For exemplary purposes, two records R1 and R2 are shown.

Field 200A stores an account identifier that is associated with and that uniquely identifies a credit card account. In this embodiment, the account identifier is a 5 sixteen digit credit card account number, such as is commonly imprinted on a credit card. Thus, as is well known, the first four digits of each account number indicate the issuer of the credit card. The remaining twelve digits of each account number are used to uniquely identify an account. Of course, other types of account identifiers may be used as desired.

10 Field 200B may be used to store the name of an account holder. In one embodiment, the name stored in field 200B is a digital audio file (or a pointer thereto) that contains a pre-recorded audio sample of the account holder's name. Of course, an account holder's name may be stored in field 200B in another form, such as text.

15 Field 200C may be used to store the address of an account holder. Fields 200D and 200E may be used to store a credit line and available credit for an account, respectively.

20 Referring next to FIG. 4, an embodiment of merchant database 300 is depicted in detail. Database 300 stores data relating to one or more merchants 10 with whom a user may execute transactions. One record (row) of database 300 is maintained for each merchant 10. For exemplary purposes, two records R3 and R4 are shown.

Field 300A stores a merchant identifier that uniquely identifies a merchant 10. For exemplary purposes, the merchant identifier is shown as including five digits.

25 Field 300B may be used to store a CAT identifier that identifies a particular CAT 15 of merchant 10. Field 300C stores a telephone number for a

telephone 20 that is accessible by a user. In this embodiment, telephone 20 is located at the point-of-sale and is in close proximity to CAT 15 that is identified by the CAT identifier stored in field 300B.

Field 300D may be used to store a name of a merchant 10. The name 5 may be stored in the form of a digital audio file (or a pointer thereto) that contains a pre-recorded audio sample of the name of merchant 10. Of course, a merchant's name may be stored in field 300B in another form, such as text.

Referring next to FIG. 5, an embodiment of user database 400 is depicted in detail. Database 400 stores data that enables an account holder to communicate with 10 a user to determine at least a portion of the circumstances surrounding a transaction that is being executed by the user. One record (row) of user database 400 is maintained for each credit card that is linked to a credit card account represented by a record in database 200. For exemplary purposes, two records R5 and R6 are shown.

Field 400A stores a user identifier that is associated with and that 15 uniquely identifies a credit card that is linked to a credit card account represented by a record in database 200. In this embodiment, the identifier stored in field 400A is a sixteen digit credit card account number, such as the type commonly imprinted on a credit card. As will be described in more detail below, a user uses the credit card identified by the identifier stored in field 400A to execute a transaction with a merchant 20 10. Field 400B stores an account identifier that is associated with and that uniquely identifies a credit card account to which the credit card identified by the user identifier stored in field 400A is linked.

In this embodiment, the user identifier stored in field 400A is made to differ from the account identifier stored in field 200A so that the presentation of a user 25 identifier would initiate transaction process 601. Preferably, the length of the user

identifier is the industry standard length of sixteen digits. Of course, the user and account identifiers stored in fields 400A and 200A may be designed to be the same. In this case, field 400B would not be necessary.

Field 400C stores a fee that is charged to the balance of the account 5 holder's account for each transaction initiated by the presentation of user identifier 400A. The fee may be determined in a number of different ways. For example, the fee may be based on the amount of time that an account holder communicates with a user or it may be a fixed dollar amount that is charged to the balance each time that a credit card is used by a user. In another embodiment, the fee may be charged on a periodic 10 basis -- e.g., each year, regardless of the number of times that a credit card is used. In still another embodiment, the fee may be a percent of the transaction amount. In any of these embodiments, the fee also may be made to vary in accordance with the type of credit card. For example, if a credit card is a "gold" card, then a \$25 annual fee may be charged. Alternatively, if a credit card is a "platinum" card, there may be no associated 15 fee.

Field 400D may be used to store the name of a user. The name stored in field 400D may be a digital audio file (or a pointer thereto) that contains a pre-recorded audio sample of the user's name. Alternatively, a user's name may be stored in field 400D in another form, such as text.

20 Field 400E is used to store a telephone number of a telephone 35. In the present embodiment, it is the telephone number of an account holder. In alternate embodiments, it may be a telephone number of another person, such as a relative of the user.

25 Field 400F may be used to store a length of time (e.g., a number of minutes) that an attempt will be made to contact an account holder (or other person) at

telephone 35 using the telephone number stored in field 400E. If this time elapses, a default command stored in field 400G may be executed. In one embodiment, the default command indicates whether a transaction should be authorized or declined in the event that the account holder (or other person) cannot be contacted.

5                   Figure 6 depicts, in detail, an embodiment of transaction database 500. Database 500 may be used to store data relating to transactions executed by a user using a credit card that is linked to an account stored in database 200. It may also be used to store data relating to conventional transactions involving other credit cards. For exemplary purposes, three records R7-R9 are shown.

10                  Field 500A is used to store either a user identifier or an account identifier. If a record represents a transaction between a user and merchant 10 in which a credit card that is linked to a credit card account represented by a record in database 200 was used, then a user identifier stored in field 500A identifies that credit card, as described above with reference to field 400A (FIG. 5). Records R7 and R8 represent 15 such records. If a record represents a transaction between an account holder and a merchant using another credit card, then the identifier stored in field 500A represents the credit card number of that credit card. Record R9 represents such a record.

Field 500B stores an authorization code that is generated in a well-known manner by server 30 when it authorizes a transaction. Field 500C stores a 20 record of charge identifier that is printed on a receipt and used to help the user and/or the account holder identify the transaction. The identifier stored in field 500C is generated by server 30 in a well known manner. Field 500D stores either a dollar amount spent by a user for a transaction or a fee that is to be charged to the credit card account, the latter of which is described with reference to field 400C (FIG. 5).

Field 500E may be used to indicate whether the value stored in field 500D represents such a dollar amount or a fee. As shown in record R7, if the charge description stored in field 500E indicates a name of a merchant 10 (e.g., "ABC Drug Store"), then the amount stored in field 500D represents a transaction amount, here, 5 \$250.38. For example, as shown in record R8, if the charge description stored in field 500E indicates "Emergency Card Usage Fee," then the amount stored in field 500D represents a fee -- e.g., \$20.00. Fields 500F and 500G store a merchant identifier and a CAT identifier, respectively, as described above with reference to field 300A and 300B.

It is noted that given a first record relating to a transaction, a second 10 record relating to an associated fee may be determined. This is because the first and second records will have identical user identifiers stored in field 500A. Thus, for example, record R7 represents a transaction for "\$250.38" and record R8 represents an associated "\$20.00" usage fee. Consequently, both records R7 and R8 have the same user identifiers -- i.e., "2222-3333-4141-5151."

15 Referring again to FIG. 2, memory 110 also includes program 600. Program 600 comprises computer instructions and/or data, executable or otherwise, for performing the functionality of the present invention. FIGS. 7A and 7B depict process 601 that may be embodied by such a program 600 for processing a credit card transaction and facilitating communication between first and second persons so that the 20 first person may authorize a transaction between the second person and a merchant.

Prior to execution of process 601 it is contemplated that an account holder and a user have been linked to a credit card account for which a record is maintained in database 200 (FIG. 3). This may be accomplished via a registration-type process whereby a user is registered with a credit card such that transactions executed 25 with the credit card will affect the balance of the account holder's account.

At step 602, a user begins to execute a transaction with a merchant 10. To do this, the user presents a credit card that is linked to an account stored in database 200 (FIG. 3) to a merchant 10 for payment. The credit card has an identifier imprinted thereon and/or encoded therein, which corresponds to a user identifier stored in field 5 400 of database 400 (FIG. 5).

Using conventional techniques, merchant 10 uses CAT 15 to transmit a purchase authorization request to server 30 via line 15A, telecommunications network 25, line 32A, telecommunications switch 32, and line 30A (FIG. 1). In this embodiment, the request includes data indicating a purchase amount for the goods, an 10 identifier that identifies the credit card that the user is using for payment, an identifier that identifies merchant 10, and an identifier that identifies CAT 15 from which a purchase authorization request is being transmitted. The purchase authorization request may be routed through a credit card processing network (not shown) to server 30 in a well known manner. Server 30 receives the purchase authorization request from CAT 15 15.

At step 604, processor 120 of server 30 accesses the record in user database 400 whose field 400A corresponds to the identifier that identifies the credit card that was received at step 602. Processor 120 retrieves the account identifier stored in field 400B for the accessed record. Processor 120 accesses the record in credit card 20 account database 200 for the retrieved account identifier and retrieves the available credit stored in field 200E. At step 606, if the available credit stored in field 200E is determined to be less than the purchase amount received at step 602, then the transaction is terminated at step 608 and process 601 is complete.

If the available credit stored in field 200E is determined at step 606 to be 25 greater or equal to the purchase amount received at step 602, then processing continues.

At step 610, processor 120 retrieves the name of the user and the account holder's telephone number from fields 400D and 400E, respectively, for the record in user database 400 that was accessed at step 604. Processor 120 also retrieves the name of the account holder from field 200B for the record in credit card account database 200 that 5 was accessed at step 604.

An inquiry is made whether the account holder desires to communicate with the user. In this embodiment, at step 612, the telephone number retrieved at step 610 is used by IVRU 34, under control of processor 120 and telecommunications switch 32, to attempt to connect the account holder. Thus, IVRU 34 places a telephone call to 10 telephone 35 using that telephone number in a conventional manner.

At step 614, it is determined whether the account holder has been contacted. If the account holder has not been contacted, then a feature of the present invention may be executed at step 616. In accordance with this feature, if the account holder cannot be contacted within the period of time specified in field 400F for the 15 record in user database 400 accessed at step 604, then the default command stored in field 400G for that record is retrieved and executed. Thus, if the retrieved default command is "AUTHORIZE," then processor 120 will authorize the transaction in a conventional manner. Alternatively, if the retrieved default command is "DECLINE," then processor 120 will decline the transaction in a conventional manner. If this feature 20 is not included and the account holder cannot be contacted, then the transaction may be terminated. If it is determined at step 614 that the account holder has been contacted, then at step 618 processor 120 instructs IVRU 34 to present a list of options to the account holder. For example, IVRU 34 may cause the following message to be played to the account holder: "Hello Mr. Johnson, you have a transaction authorization request 25 from Joe Smith for \$250.38 at ABC Drug Store. Press 1 if you wish to authorize this

transaction. Press 2 if you wish to decline this transaction. Press 3 if you wish to talk with Joe Smith." The underlined text may be played by IVRU 34 to the account holder by accessing the relevant voice files, or other data in the case of a monetary amount, in the appropriate databases. The account holder responds by depressing the number "1," 5 "2," or "3" on the keypad of telephone 35 and a signal indicative of the response is transmitted to server 30 in a conventional manner. In an alternate embodiment, the list of options may be presented to the account holder by a human operator.

At step 620, processor 120 determines whether the account holder desires to communicate with the user. If processor 120 received a signal indicating that 10 the user depressed the number "1" or "2" on his keypad, then the account holder does not desire to communicate with the user and processing continues at step 622.

If processor 120 received a signal indicating that the user depressed the number "3" on his keypad, then the account holder does desire to communicate with the user. In this case, at step 624, processor 120 enables or initiates communication 15 between the account holder and the user. In this embodiment, processor 120 accesses the record in merchant database 300 whose field 300B corresponds to the CAT identifier that was include in the purchase authorization request received at step 602. Processor 120 retrieves the telephone number stored in field 300C for that record.

The retrieved telephone number is used by IVRU 34, under control of 20 processor 120 and telecommunications switch 32, to place a telephone call to the user at telephone 20 in the proximity of CAT 15. The method and apparatus disclosed in U.S. Patent No. 5,319,701, incorporated herein by reference, may be used to establish connection between telephone 35 and telephone 20 so that the account holder may communicate with the user before authorizing or declining the transaction at step 622.

The account holder and the user may communicate to discuss the circumstances surrounding the transaction. For example, consider an account holder who has a parental relationship with the user. Further consider that the parent permitted the child to use the credit card only in cases of emergency. In such an instance, the 5 parent and child may communicate to discuss the nature of the emergency. In one embodiment, processor 120 is configured to track the duration of the communication so that a fee can be charged to the financial account based on the duration.

At step 622, based on the communication, the account holder can authorize or decline the transaction using telephone 35. To do so, the account holder 10 depresses the number "1" or "2" on the keypad of telephone 35. A signal indicative of that response is transmitted to server 30 in a conventional manner at which point the command is executed. In an alternate embodiment, the account holder may enter a personal identification number via the keypad of telephone 35 in order to authorize or decline the transaction. In this case, the signal transmitted to server 30 comprises a 15 personal identification number. At step 626, processor 120 continues processing the transaction in accordance with the response of the account holder at step 618 or 624. Thus, if the account holder authorized the transaction, then an authorization code is generated in a conventional manner, which is transmitted to CAT 15 that communicated the purchased authorization request to server 30 at step 602. The transaction database 20 500 is updated as follows: the identifier identifying the credit card, the purchase amount, the identifier identifying the merchant, and the CAT identifier received in the purchase authorization request at step 602 are stored in fields 500A, 500D, 500F, and 500G, respectively.

An authorization code is generated and stored in field 500B. The record 25 charge identifier is stored in field 500C. The charge description is obtained from the

merchant database 300 by reading field 300D for the record identified by the merchant identifier received in the purchase authorization request received at step 602.

At step 628, a record is also populated in the transaction database 500 to reflect the emergency charge. More specifically, the identifier identifying the credit card, the identifier identifying the merchant, and the CAT identifier received in the purchase authorization request at step 602 are stored in fields 500A, 500F, and 500G, respectively. The transaction usage fee is obtained from user database 400 and is stored in field 500D. An authorization code is generated and stored in field 500B. The record charge identifier is stored in field 500C. The charge description "Emergency Card Usage Fee" is stored in field 500E. Process 601 ends at step 630.

In an alternate embodiment, communication with merchant 10 may be terminated prior to accessing database 400 at step 610 to determine the telephone number of the account holder. In this way, processor 120 of server 30 may receive a signal from an account holder indicating whether to authorize the transaction. When the signal indicates that the transaction is to be authorized, processor 120 of server 30 may re-establish communication with merchant 10 and transmit an authorization code thereto. According to another embodiment of this invention, if the account holder has not been contacted at step 612, then processor 120 may instruct IVRU 34, under control of processor 120 and telecommunications switch 32, to attempt to contact another person (e.g., a relative of the user) who can authorize or decline the transaction. Also, the other person may be selected from among several people depending on the time of day that the data identifying the financial account and the third party is received. In this case, user database 400 may be modified in a well known manner to include the name(s) and telephone number(s) of each person, as well as the time of day that a person is to be contacted if this latter embodiment is implemented. Each person may be

contacted as described above with reference to the account holder and processing would proceed as if the person was the account holder.

In view of the foregoing, the present invention provides a method and apparatus in which an account holder can remotely control the authorization or denial of 5 a card-based transaction executed by a user. The method and system enable the account holder to communicate with the user who is using a credit card to execute the transaction with a merchant. In this way, the account holder and the user can discuss the circumstances surrounding the transaction and the account holder can authorize or decline the transaction based those circumstances. Thus, the account holder is able to 10 adequately control and manage charges made by users using credit cards that are linked to their accounts.

While the foregoing embodiments have been described with reference to a credit card and corresponding credit card account, it is contemplated that other types of cards and financial accounts may be used. Such financial cards may include, for 15 example, debit cards and smart cards and their associated financial accounts.

To illustrate still other alternate embodiments, consider that control of cash withdrawal at an Automatic Teller Machine (ATM) can be remotely authorized by the account holder upon presentation of the user identifier 400A at the ATM. In this embodiment, the communication between the account holder and the user can be 20 facilitated using audio and/or video transmission. In an audio-based embodiment, communication may be facilitated using the above-referenced telephone connections. In a video-based embodiment, communication may be facilitated between a personal computer or video phone connected to the ATM network and the ATM. In this video embodiment, video images of the parties may be input through video cameras and 25 transferred during the communication. The personal computer may use well known

video cameras, such as those commonly manufactured by Intel Corp. The ATM may use its resident security camera. As such, the account holder is able to see a graphical image of the user on the screen of the account holder's personal computer during the transaction to ensure that the user presenting a card having user identification number 5 400A is in fact authorized.

Thus, although the particular embodiments shown and described above are useful in many applications relating to the arts to which the present invention pertains, further modifications of the present invention herein disclosed will occur to persons skilled in the art. All such modifications are deemed to be within the scope and 10 spirit of the present invention as defined by the appended claims.

We claim:

1. A method for facilitating communication between first and second persons so that the first person may authorize a transaction between the second person and a third party, wherein the method comprises the steps of:
  - 5 linking the first and second persons to a financial account that is used for the transaction;
  - receiving data from the third party identifying the financial account and the third party;
  - inquiring whether the first person desires to communicate with the
  - 10 second person based on the data identifying the financial account;
  - receiving a response to the inquiry from the first person; and
  - initiating communication between the first and second persons based on the response .
2. The method of Claim 1, further comprising the steps of:
  - 15 receiving a signal from the first person indicating whether or not to authorize the transaction; and
  - processing the transaction based on the signal.
3. The method of Claim 2, wherein the signal indicates a personal identification number.

4. The method of Claim 1, wherein the step of inquiring comprises the steps of accessing a voice file stored in a memory and causing an IVRU to play the voice file to the first person.

5. The method of Claim 1, wherein the communication between the first and second persons has a duration associated therewith, and wherein the method further comprises the step of charging a monetary amount to the financial account based on the duration associated with the communication.

6. The method of Claim 1, further comprising selecting the first person from a plurality of persons.

10 7. The method of Claim 1, further comprising selecting the first person from a plurality of persons depending on the time of day that the data identifying the financial account and the third party is received.

15 8. The method of Claim 1, further comprising when a response to the inquiry is not received from the first person within a predetermined period of time, accessing a memory to determine whether the transaction is to be authorized or declined.

9. A method for facilitating communication between first and second persons so that the first person may authorize a transaction between the second person and a third party, wherein the method comprises the steps of:

linking the first and second persons to a financial account that is used  
5 for the transaction;

receiving data identifying the financial account and the third party from  
the third party;

accessing a database based on the data identifying the financial account  
to determine a telephone number of the first person;

10 placing a telephone call to the first person based on the telephone  
number thereof;

inquiring whether the first person desires to communicate with the  
second person; and

15 in response to an affirmative answer to the inquiry of the first person,  
accessing a database based on the data identifying the third party to determine a  
telephone number thereof; and

enabling telephonic communication between the first and second  
persons using the telephone number of the third party.

10. The method of Claim 9, further comprising the steps of:  
20 receiving a signal from the first person indicating whether to authorize  
the transaction; and

processing the transaction based on the signal.

11. The method of Claim 10, wherein the signal comprises a personal identification number.

12. The method of Claim 9, wherein the step of inquiring comprises the steps of accessing a voice file stored in a memory and causing an IVRU to play the  
5 voice file to the first person.

13. The method of Claim 9, wherein the communication between the first and second persons has a duration associated therewith, and wherein the method further comprises the step of charging a monetary amount to the financial account based on the duration associated with the communication.

10 14. The method of Claim 9, further comprising selecting the first person from a plurality of persons.

15. The method of Claim 9, further comprising selecting the first person from a plurality of persons depending on the time of day that the data identifying the financial account and the third party is received.

16. A method for facilitating communication between an account holder and a user so that the account holder may authorize a card-based transaction between the user and a merchant, comprising the steps of:

- linking the account holder and the user to a financial account associated with the card that is used for the transaction, wherein the financial account is identified by an account number;
- communicating with the third party to receive the account number and data identifying the third party;
- accessing a first database based on the account number to determine a telephone number of the first person;
- attempting to contact the first person using the telephone number thereof;
- when the attempt to contact the first person is successful, inquiring whether the first person desires to communicate with the second person;
- in response to an affirmative answer to the inquiry, accessing a second database based on the data identifying the third party to determine a telephone number thereof; and
- enabling telephonic communication between the first and second persons using the telephone number of the third party.

17. The method of Claim 16, further comprising the steps of:

receiving a signal from the first person indicating whether or not to authorize the transaction; and  
processing the transaction based on the signal.

18. The method of Claim 16, further comprising the steps of:  
5 terminating communication with the third party prior to the step of accessing the first database;  
receiving a signal from the first person indicating whether to authorize the transaction; and  
when the signal indicates that the transaction is to be authorized,  
10 transmitting an authorization code to the third party.

19. The method of Claim 16, wherein when the attempt to contact the first person is not successful, the method further comprises the steps of:  
accessing a database based on the account number to determine a telephone number of a subsequent person;  
15 placing a telephone call to the subsequent person based on the telephone number thereof and inquiring whether the subsequent person desires to communicate with the second person;  
in response to an affirmative answer to the inquiry from the subsequent person, accessing a database based on the data identifying the third party to determine  
20 a telephone number thereof; and  
enabling telephonic communication between the subsequent and second persons using the telephone number of the third party.

20. An apparatus for facilitating communication between a first person at a first location and a second person at a point-of-sale location so that the first person may authorize a transaction between the second person and a third party at the point-of-sale location, wherein the first and second persons are linked to a financial account 5 used for the transaction, and wherein the system comprises:

    a memory storing data identifying the financial account and the third party, a first telephone number associated with the first location, and a second telephone number associated with the point-of-sale location; and

    a processor in communication with the memory, wherein the processor 10 is adapted and configured to

        receive from the third party data identifying the financial account and the third party from the third party,

        access the memory based on the data identifying the financial account and the third party to determine the first and second telephone numbers,

15        transmit instructions to contact the first person based on the first telephone number,

        inquire whether the first person desires to communicate with the second person, and

        enable communication between the first and second persons

20        based on a response to the inquiry and the second telephone number.

21. The apparatus of Claim 20, further comprising a device in communication with the processor, wherein the device is adapted and configured to receive the instructions, contact the first person based on the first telephone number, and inquire whether the first person desires to communicate with the second person.

5 22. The apparatus of Claim 21, wherein the device is further adapted and configured to receive a response from the first person and transmit the response to the processor.

23. The apparatus of Claim 21, wherein the device comprises an IVRU.

1 / 8

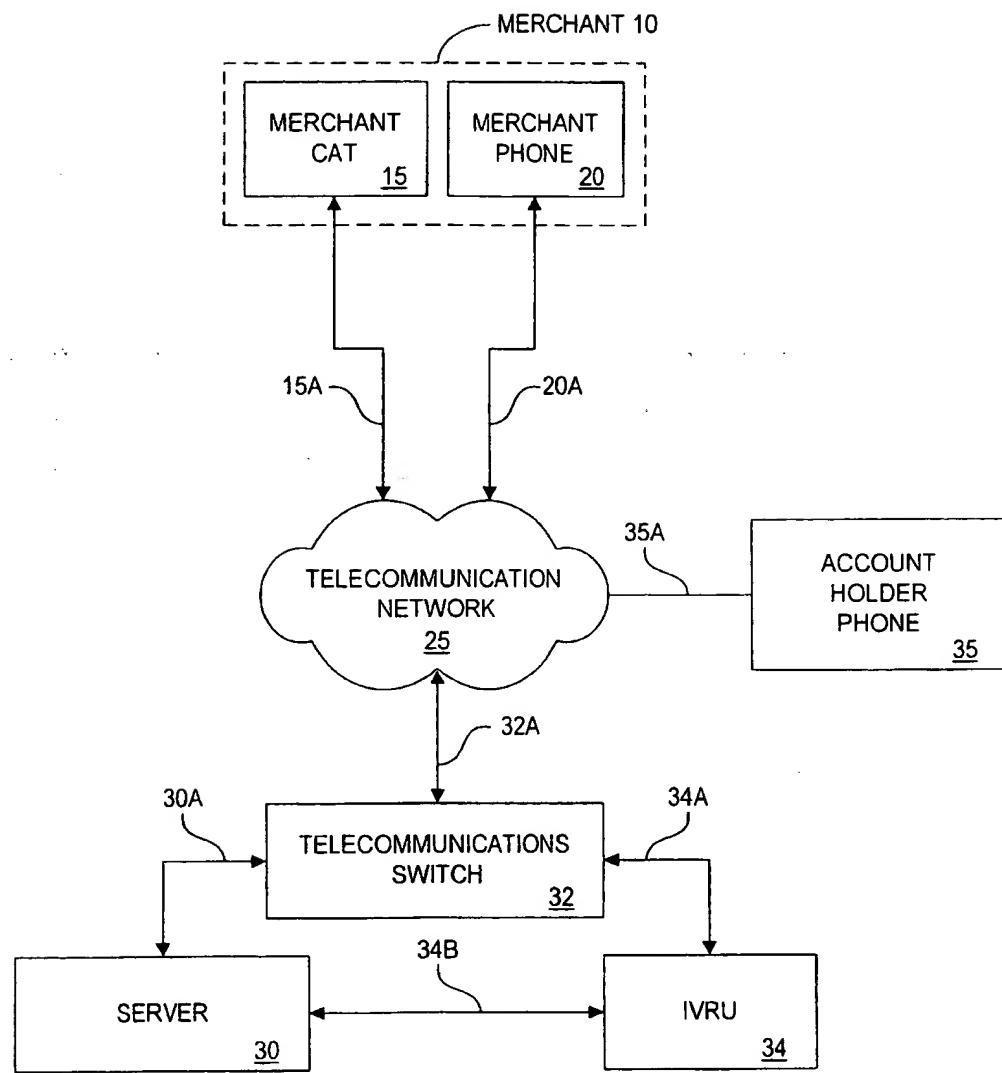


FIG. 1

2 / 8

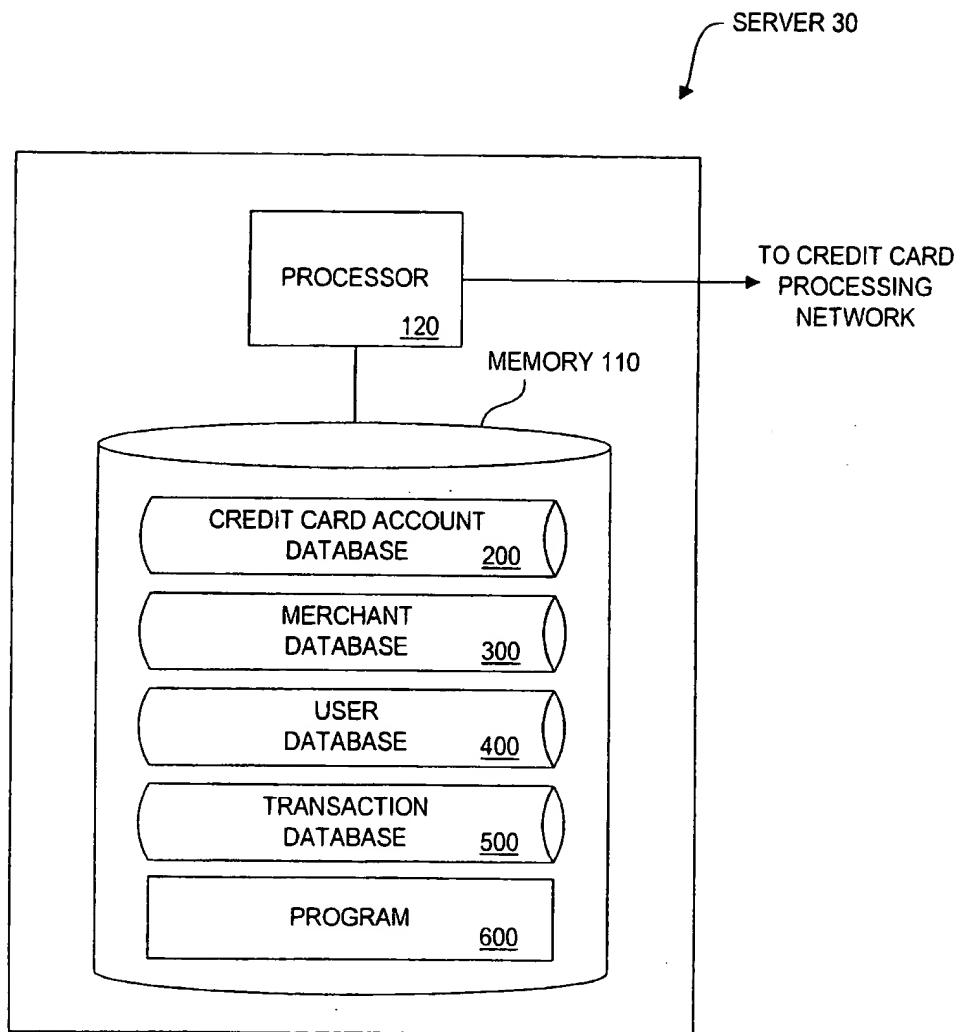


FIG. 2

CREDIT CARD ACCOUNT  
DATABASE 200

↓

ACCOUNT IDENTIFIER <u>200A</u>	ACCOUNT HOLDER'S NAME <u>200B</u>	ACCOUNT HOLDER'S ADDRESS <u>200C</u>	ORIGINAL CREDIT LINE <u>200D</u>	AVAILABLE CREDIT LINE <u>200E</u>
2222-3333-4444- 5555	TIM JOHNSON	99 MAIN ST. HOMETOWN, CT 22222	\$5,000	\$2,000
2222-8888-7777- 6666	SUE MARVIN	10 CENTER ST. ROCKPORT, NJ 99999	\$4,000	\$3,500

R1

R2

FIG. 3

MERCHANT DATABASE 300

↓

MERCHANT IDENTIFIER	CARD AUTHORIZATION TERMINAL (CAT) IDENTIFIER	CARD AUTHORIZATION TERMINAL CONTACT PHONE NUMBER(S)	MERCHANT NAME
300A	300B	300C	300D
12345	123-XYZ	(333)444-5555	ABC DRUG STORE
67890	456-STX	(999)111-2222 (666)777-8888	SHOE EXPRESS

R3

R4

FIG. 4

USER DATABASE 400

USER IDENTIFIER	ACCOUNT IDENTIFIER	USAGE FEE	USER NAME	ACCOUNT HOLDERS TELEPHONE NUMBER	AUTOMATIC DEFAULT COMMAND
400A	400B	400C	400D	400E	400F
2222-3333-4141-5151	9999-8888-7777-6666	\$20	JOE SMITH	(111)222-3333	2.0 MIN
2222-8888-7171-6161	9999-8888-7777-6666	\$25	JANE DOE	(444)555-6666	2.5 MIN

FIG. 5

TRANSACTION DATABASE 500

USER/ACCOUNT IDENTIFIER	AUTHORIZATION CODE	RECORD OF CHARGE IDENTIFIER	TRANSACTION AMOUNT	CHARGE DESCRIPTION	MERCHANT IDENTIFIER	CAT IDENTIFIER
500A	500B	500C	500D	500E	500F	500G
2222-3333-4141-5151	777777	92929292	\$250.38	ABC DRUG STORE	12345	123-XYZ
2222-3333-4141-5151	777777	92929292	\$20.00	EMERGENCY CARD USAGE FEE	12345	123-XYZ
2222-8888-7777-6666	777772	665544	\$5.95	SHOE EXPRESS	67890	456-STX

R7

R8

R9

FIG. 6

7 / 8

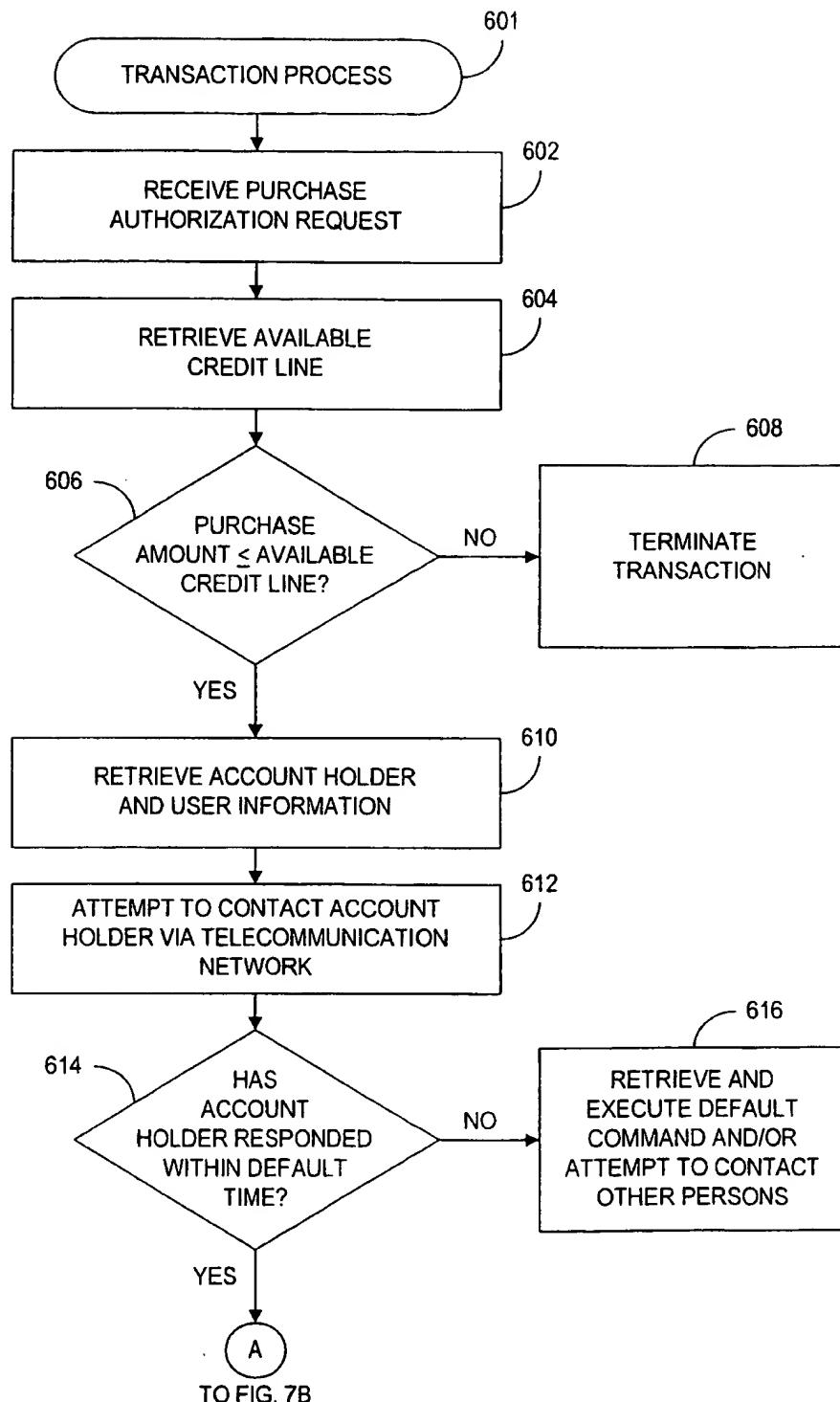


FIG. 7A

8 / 8

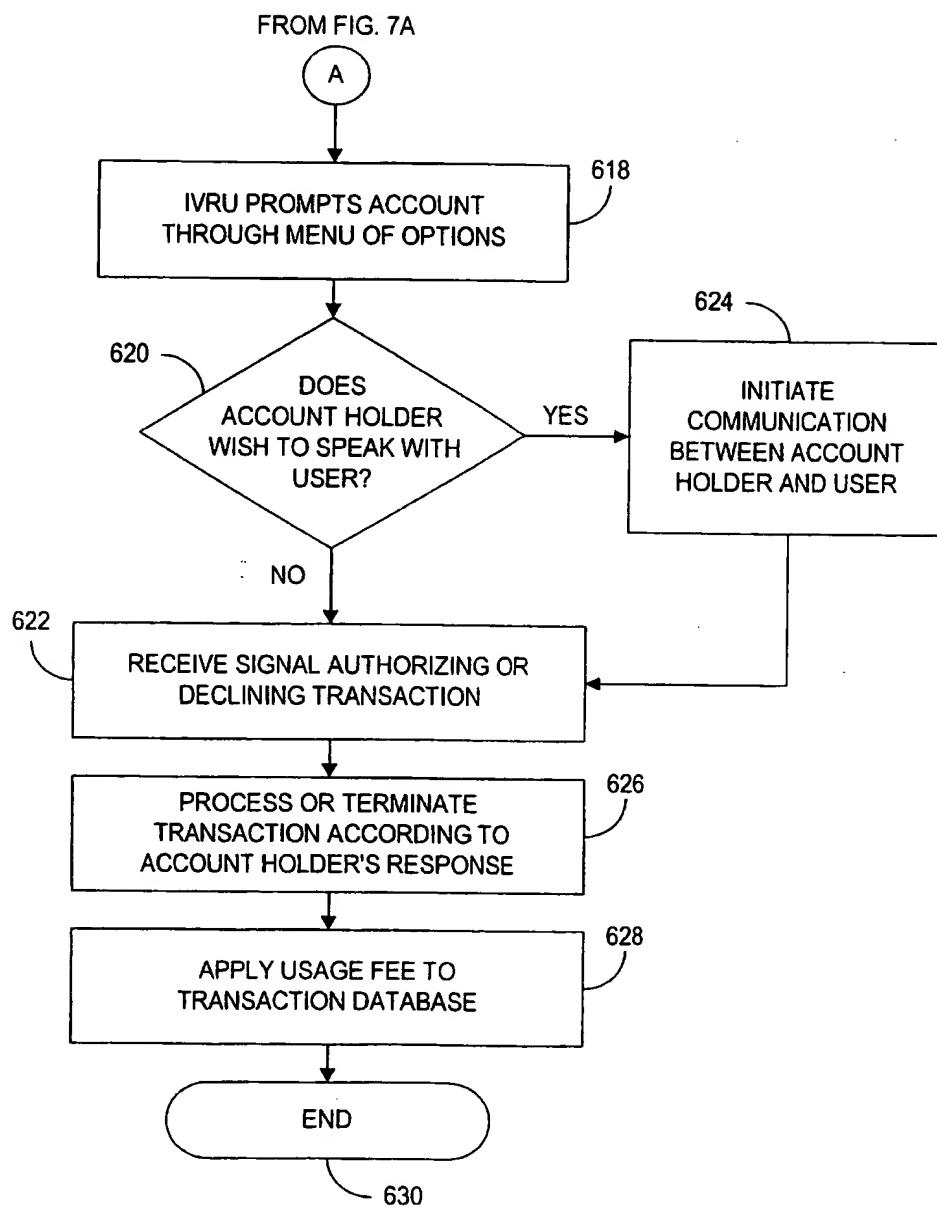


FIG. 7B

## INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.

PCT/US99/04892

## A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

IPC(6) :H04M 11/00

US CL :379/91.01

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

## B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

U.S. : Please See Extra Sheet.

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used)

## C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
A,P	US 5,745,554 A (ROZETTI) 28 April 1998, see entire document	1-23
A	US 5,485,510 A (COLBERT) 16 January 1996, see entire document	1-23

 Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C. See patent family annex.

•	Special categories of cited documents:	"T"	later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention
"A"	document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance		
"E"	earlier document published on or after the international filing date	"X"	document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone
"L"	document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)	"Y"	document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art
"O"	document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means	"A"	document member of the same patent family
"P"	document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed		

Date of the actual completion of the international search

21 APRIL 1999

Date of mailing of the international search report

12 MAY 1999

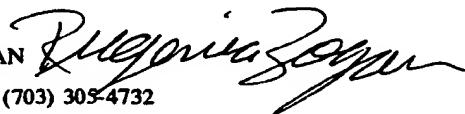
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**INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT**

International application No.

PCT/US99/04892

**B. FIELDS SEARCHED**

Minimum documentation searched

Classification System: U.S.

379/91.01,91.02,93.04,93.12,265,355,357;

235/380,382,382.5;

902/22,25;

705/16-18.